



John Hopcroft Center for Computer Science

# CS410: Artificial Intelligence

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https://shuaili8.github.io

https://shuaili8.github.io/Teaching/CS410/index.html



#### Teaching Assistant

- Fang Kong (孔芳)
  - Email: fangkong@sjtu.edu.cn
  - 1<sup>st</sup> year PhD student
  - Research on online influence maximization
  - Office hour: Thursday 6-8pm
- Qizhi Li (李奇之)
  - Email: qizhili@sjtu.edu.cn
  - 1<sup>st</sup> year Master student
  - Research on recommendation systems
  - Office hour: Friday 7-9pm

## References (will add more during course)

MACHINE

- Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach by Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig (4<sup>th</sup> edition)
- Reinforcement Learning: An Introduction by Richard S. Sutton and Andrew G. Barto
- •周志华《机器学习》清华大学出版社,2016.









#### Goal

- Know what is AI and what it usually covers
- Familiar and understand popular AI problems and algorithms
- Be able to build AI models in applications
  - Know which algorithms to adopt and when to adopt
- Get a touch of top research

#### Prerequisites

- Basic computer science principles
  - Big-O notation
  - Comfortably write non-trivial code in Python/numpy
- Probability
  - Random Variables
  - Expectations
  - Distributions
- Linear Algebra & Multivariate/Matrix Calculus
  - Gradients and Hessians
  - Eigenvalue/vector

## Grading

- Attendance and participance: 5%
- Assignments: 35%
- Project 1: 25% (individual project)
- Project 2: 35% (team project)

#### Honor code

- Discussions are encouraged
- Independently write-up homework and code
- Same reports and homework will be reported

#### Course Outline

- Search
- CSP problems
- Game trees
- ML: perceptrons and NNs
- HMMs
- MDPs
- Particle filtering

## Introduction

## What is Artificial Intelligence

• Describe machines (or computers) that mimic "cognitive" functions that humans associate with the human mind, such as "learning" and "problem solving".

--Russell, S. J., & Norvig, P. (2016). Artificial intelligence: a modern approach. Malaysia; Pearson Education Limited.

• Intelligence is the computational part of the ability to achieve goals in the world. It is related to the similar task of using computers to understand human intelligence, but AI does not have to confine itself to methods that are biologically observable.

--By Prof. John McCarthy of Stanford University

--<u>http://jmc.stanford.edu/artificial-intelligence/what-is-ai/index.html</u>

#### What is AI?

#### The science of making machines that:

#### Think like people

#### Act like people



#### Think rationally

#### Act rationally

# Maximize Your Expected Utility



#### What About the Brain?

- Brains (human minds) are very good at making rational decisions, but not perfect
- Brains aren't as modular as software, so hard to reverse engineer!
- "Brains are to intelligence as wings are to flight"
- Lessons learned from the brain: memory and simulation are key to decision making



## Designing Rational Agents

- An **agent** is an entity that *perceives* and *acts*.
- A **rational agent** selects actions that maximize its (expected) **utility**.
- Characteristics of the **percepts**, **environment**, and **action space** dictate techniques for selecting rational actions
- This course is about:
  - General AI techniques for a variety of problem types
  - Learning to recognize when and how a new problem can be solved with an existing technique



#### Pac-Man as an Agent





Demo1: pacman-l1.mp4

#### What is Machine Learning

- Term "Machine Learning" coined by Arthur Samuel in 1959.
  - Samuel Checkers-playing Program
- Common definition (by Tom Mitchell):
  - Machine Learning is the study of computer algorithms that improve automatically through experience
- Subfield of Artificial Intelligence (AI)
  - The hottest subfield reinvigorated interest in AI due to deep learning!

#### Difference between AI and ML

 Al is a bigger concept to create intelligent machines that can simulate human thinking capability and behavior, whereas, machine learning is an application or subset of AI that allows machines to learn from data without being programmed explicitly.



#### An example of AI but is not machine learning

- A\* search algorithm
  - Objective: Find the shortest path between two nodes of a weighted graph
  - Use heuristic information

• Compare with Breadth First Searching and Greedy Searching

#### Breadth First Searching

- Pink: start point, Purple: end point;
- Blue: visited points, the darker the earlier



Each time it visits, or expand the point with least g(n) value

• g(n) is the distance from start point to point n.

Short comings: computing burden is too high, it visited too many points before getting the end point.

## Greedy Searching

- Each time it visit or expand the point with least h(n) value
  - h(n) is the distance from point n to end point. It works fine when there is no obstacles.



• The cost doubles when there is obstacles



#### A\* algorithm

- It combines the stability of BFS and the heuristics in greedy searching.
- Each time it visits point with the least f(n) = g(n) + h(n) value.



## History of Al

- 1950s
  - Turing's test
  - Dartmouth Conference 1956: the birth of AI







**Arthur Samuel** 





Α











**Nathaniel Rochester** 

**Trenchard More** 

23

**1956 Dartmouth Conference:** 

**The Founding Fathers of AI** 



С

В













Alan Newell



**Herbert Simon** 

## History of AI (cont.)

- 1960s
  - Reasoning as search
  - Natural language
    - STUDENT by Daniel Bobrow
      - Can solve high school algebra word problems
      - Semantic net
  - Micro-worlds
    - Marvin Minsky and Seymour Papert of the MIT AI Lab
    - Basic principles, simplified models



## History of AI (cont.)

- 1970s first Al winter
  - Limited computer power
  - Intractability and the combinatorial explosion
  - Commonsense knowledge and reasoning
    - Hard to encode so many concepts and rules
    - Didn't know how to teach computers to learn these
- 1980s Boom
  - Expert system
    - Specific domains to limit knowledge requirements
- 1990s second Al winter
  - Expectations are far beyond reality

## History of AI (cont.)

- 2000s
  - Deep Blue
    - first computer chess-playing system to beat a reigning world chess champion, Garry Kasparov Theoretical GFLOP/s
  - Intelligent agents
    - e.g. detect spam emails
- 2010-now
  - Deep learning
  - Big data
  - Artificial general intelligence (AGI)



👬 MSN Messenger

File Actions Tools Help

- 🗆 ×

# Examples

#### Search problems



#### Decision Tree

• Split the data by informative questions.



#### Neural Network

• It approximates the function in high dimensional space.



#### Reinforcement Learning

• Learn which action brings the highest reward at each state, based on your experience.



#### Breaking through by DRL



#### Transfer Learning

• Learn from source data and apply the knowledge on target data

#### Transfer learning: idea



#### Hidden Markov models



34

#### Particle filtering



#### Al and ML Trend



https://www.google.com/trends
# Recent Progress

# Computer Vision (CV) -- ImageNet, AlexNet

#### **IM** GENET

www.image-net.org

#### **22K** categories and **15M** images

Plants

Food

Tree

- Animals
  - Bird
  - Fish
  - Mammal
  - Invertebrate Materials
- Structures
- Artifact Flower
  - Tools

- Appliances
- Structures
- Person

Deng, Dong, Socher, Li, Li, & Fei-Fei, 2009

- Scenes
  - Indoor
- Geological Formations
- Sport Activities

#### AlexNet, CNN



Deng, J., Dong, W., Socher, R., Li, L. J., Li, K., & Fei-Fei, L. (2009, June). Imagenet: A large-scale hierarchical image database. In 2009 IEEE conference on computer vision and pattern recognition (pp. 248-255). IEEE.

Krizhevsky, A., Sutskever, I., & Hinton, G. E. (2012). Imagenet classification with deep convolutional neural networks. In Advances in neural information processing systems (pp. 1097-1105).

CV -- GAN



Goodfellow, I., Pouget-Abadie, J., Mirza, M., Xu, B., Warde-Farley, D., Ozair, S., ... & Bengio, Y. (2014). Generative adversarial nets. In Advances in neural information processing systems (pp. 2672-2680).

39

# CV (Detection) -- R-CNN, Fast R-CNN, Faster R-CNN



1.Girshick, R., Donahue, J., Darrell, T., & Malik, J. (2014). Rich feature hierarchies for accurate object detection and semantic segmentation. In *Proceedings of the IEEE conference on computer vision and pattern recognition* (pp. 580-587).

2. Girshick, R. (2015). Fast r-cnn. In *Proceedings of the IEEE international conference on computer vision* (pp. 1440-1448).

3. Ren, S., He, K., Girshick, R., & Sun, J. (2015). Faster r-cnn: Towards real-time object detection with region proposal networks. In *Advances in neural information processing systems* (pp. 91-99).









# Speech recognition (Unsupervised, ICA)

Mixed

Separated

# Speech recognition (Unsupervised, ICA, cont.)

Mixed

Separated

# Speech recognition

- Previous works use
  - Hidden Markov models (HMMs)
    - Deal with the temporal variability of speech
  - Gaussian mixture models (GMMs)
    - Determine how well each state of each HMM fits a frame or a short window of frames of coefficients that represents the acoustic input
- New
  - Feed-forward neural network
    - Takes several frames of coefficients as input and produces posterior probabilities over HMM states as output

Hinton, G., Deng, L., Yu, D., Dahl, G., Mohamed, A. R., Jaitly, N., ... & Sainath, T. (2012). Deep neural networks for acoustic modeling in speech recognition. *IEEE Signal processing magazine*, 29.

#### Hidden Markov Model



# Speech recognition

#### Deep Learning: From GMM-HMM to DNN-HMM



Hinton, G., Deng, L., Yu, D., Dahl, G., Mohamed, A. R., Jaitly, N., ... & Sainath, T. (2012). Deep neural networks <sub>45</sub> for acoustic modeling in speech recognition. *IEEE Signal processing magazine*, *29*.

# Natural Language Processing (NLP) --Word2Vec

Image and audio processing systems work with rich, high-dimensional datasets encoded as vectors.



Pennington, J., Socher, R., & Manning, C. (2014, October). Glove: Global vectors for word representation. In *Proceedings of the 2014 conference on empirical methods in natural language processing (EMNLP)* (pp. 1532-1543).

# Natural Language Processing (NLP) --Word2Vec (cont.)

### Word Analogies

Test for linear relationships, examined by Mikolov et al. (2014)



China

Russia

Beijing

#### NLP -- CNN



Kim, Y. (2014, October). Convolutional Neural Networks for Sentence Classification. In *Proceedings of the 2014 Conference on Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing (EMNLP)* (pp. 1746-1751).

### NLP -- BERT

- BERT
  - Bidirectional Encoder Representations from Transformers
  - The pre-train deep bidirectional representations from unlabeled text by jointly conditioning on both left and right context in all layers
  - The pre-trained BERT model can be finetuned with just one additional output layer to create state-of-the-art models for a wide range of tasks, such as question answering and language inference, without substantial taskspecific architecture modifications
  - It obtains new state-of-the-art results on eleven natural language processing tasks

Devlin, J., Chang, M. W., Lee, K., & Toutanova, K. (2018). Bert: Pre-training of deep bidirectional transformers for language understanding. *arXiv preprint arXiv:1810.04805*.

#### NLP -- BERT



Figure 1: Differences in pre-training model architectures. BERT uses a bidirectional Transformer. OpenAI GPT uses a left-to-right Transformer. ELMo uses the concatenation of independently trained left-to-right and right-to-left LSTM to generate features for downstream tasks. Among three, only BERT representations are jointly conditioned on both left and right context in all layers.

#### Game Playing -- Atari

Deep Reinforcement Learning

Trained separate DQN agents for 50 different Atari games, without any prior knowledge of the game rules

Mnih, V., Kavukcuoglu, K., Silver, D., Rusu, A. A., Veness, J., Bellemare, M. G., ... & Petersen, S. (2015). Human-level control through deep reinforcement learning. *Nature*, *518*(7540), 529.

# Game Playing



- IBM Deep Blue (1996)
  - Win Garry Kasparov by 3.5:2.5 on Chess
  - Search over 12 following steps

- AlphaGo (2016)
  - Win Lee Sedol by 4:1 on Go
  - Efficient search on large solution space

52

Silver, D., Huang, A., Maddison, C. J., Guez, A., Sifre, L., Van Den Driessche, G., ... & Dieleman, S. (2016). Mastering the game of Go with deep neural networks and tree search. *nature*, *529*(7587), 484.

# Game Playing -- Texas hold'em



#### DeepStack

- In a study involving 44,000 hands of poker, DeepStack defeated with statistical significance professional poker players in heads-up no-limit Texas hold'em
- Imperfect information setting

Moravčík, M., Schmid, M., Burch, N., Lisý, V., Morrill, D., Bard, N., ... & Bowling, M. (2017). Deepstack: Expertlevel artificial intelligence in heads-up no-limit poker. *Science*, *356*(6337), 508-513. History of Game Al 1956 checkers 1992 backgammon 1994 checkers 1997 chess 2016 Go 2017 Texas hold'em



# Game Playing -- Majiang

- Microsoft Suphx 2019
  - Professional level



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### Game playing – state of the art



### Simulated Agents

[Schulman, Moritz, Levine, Jordan, Abbeel, ICLR 2016]

### Robotics

Demo 1: ROBOTICS – soccer.avi Demo 4: Demo 2: ROBOTICS – soccer2.avi Demo 5: Demo 3: ROBOTICS – gcar.avi

Demo 4: ROBOTICS – laundry.avi Demo 5: ROBOTICS – petman.avi

- Robotics
  - Part mech. eng.
  - Part Al
  - Reality much harder than simulations!
- Technologies
  - Vehicles
  - Rescue
  - Help in the home
  - Lots of automation...
- In this class:
  - We ignore mechanical aspects
  - Methods for planning
  - Methods for control









Images from UC Berkeley, Boston Dynamics, RoboCup, Google

### Robots



### Robots

[Levine\*, Finn\*, Darrell, Abbeel, JMLR 2016]

#### Human-Al Interaction



### Boston Dynamics: Spot



#### EXPLORER \$74,500.00

The Spot Explorer kit puts the power of robotics into your hands and makes robotics easy, so you can focus on building your application.

## Exoskeletons



# Applications

### Face Recognition in Customs



https://bitrefine.group/home/transportation/face-recognition-support-system

### Autonomous Self-driving Cars



https://cdn-images-1.medium.com/max/1600/1\*q1uVc-MU-tC-WwFp2yXJow.gif

# Medical image analysis

• Segmentation results on ISBI cells and DIC-HeLa cells



Ronneberger, O., Fischer, P., & Brox, T. (2015, October). U-net: Convolutional networks for biomedical image segmentation. In *International Conference on Medical image computing and computer-assisted intervention* (pp. 234-241). Springer, Cham.

# Medical image analysis

• Breast Cancer Diagnoses



#### (AI + Pathologist) > Pathologist



© 2016 PathAI

Wang, Dayong, et al. "Deep learning for identifying metastatic breast cancer." arXiv preprint arXiv:1606.05718 (2016). https://blogs.nvidia.com/blog/2016/09/19/deep-learning-breast-cancer-diagnosis/

### Bioinformatics



#### Voice assistants

• Google AI can make complete phone calls (2018)

#### Voice assistants



# Web search

Geogle	shanghai ijao tong university	
Google	shanghar jiao tong university	Ψ <
	shanghai jiao tong university ranking	
	shanghai jiao tong university international students	
	shanghai jiao tong university school of medicine	
	shanghai jiao tong university admission	<ul> <li>Query suggestion</li> </ul>
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	Shanghai Jiao Tong University - Wang - Cited by 21	
	Shanghai Jiao-Tong University - Xue - Cited by 14	
	Nanosheet-constructed porous TiO2-B for advanced Liu - Cited	by 206
	Shanghai Jiao Tong University	
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Г	Shanghai Jiao Tong University - Wikipedia	
	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shanghai_Jiao_Tong_University	/ -
I	Shanghai Jiao Tong University is a public research university loca	ted in Shanghai, China.
I	Established in 1696 by an impenal edict issued by the Guangxu	
#### Web recommendation



Recommend movies/events/products based on history records

## Online advertising



- Which ad to show
  - Could attract users
  - How to set up the bid price
    - for both the platform and the advertisers

### Agriculture: Crop-dusting

• DJI drones (unmanned aerial vehicles)



### Sorting parcels

### Ride sharing

• Improve traffic









Smart transportation scheduling

78



#### **SMART CITY COMPONENTS**

#### Summary

- What is AI and ML
- An example of AI but not ML
  - A\* algorithm
- History of Al
- Recent progress
  - Computer vision/speech recognition/natural language processing/game AI
- Many applications
  - Many industries/many aspects of life

#### Shuai Li

https://shuaili8.github.io

# **Questions?**